## **Neighbourship Sudoku**

Place a digit from 1 to 9 into each of the empty squares so that each digit appears exactly once in each of the rows, columns and the nine outlined 3x3 regions.

A number in a squared cell indicates how many different numbers the four diagonally adjacent cells contain. A number in a circled cell indicates how many different numbers the eight orthogonally and diagonally adjacent cells contain.

| 9 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 2                 | 5                         | 3 | 8 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------|---|---|---|
| 2 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 6                 | 4                         | 1 | 9 | 7 |
| 3 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 1                 | 9                         | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| 8 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 3                 | $\overline{(\mathbf{v})}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| 7 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4                 | 6                         | 8 | 5 | 9 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 9                 | 8                         | 7 | 3 | 1 |
| 1 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 7                 | 2                         | 5 | 6 | 3 |
| 4 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 5                 | 1                         | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| 5 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 8<br>Sudoku todav | 3                         | 4 | 1 | 2 |

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